



# LAMMPS Performance Benchmark and Profiling

September 2009







### Note

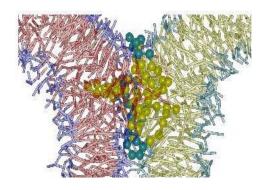


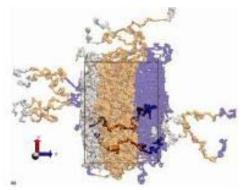
- The following research was performed under the HPC Advisory Council activities
  - Participating vendors: AMD, Dell, Mellanox
  - Compute resource HPC Advisory Council Cluster Center
- The participating members would like to thank Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory for their guidelines
- For more info please refer to
  - <u>www.mellanox.com</u>, <u>www.dell.com/hpc</u>, <u>www.amd.com</u>

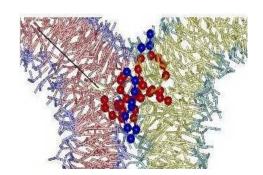
## LAMMPS



- Large-scale Atomic/Molecular Massively Parallel Simulator
  - Classical molecular dynamics code which can model:
    - Atomic
    - Polymeric
    - Biological
    - Metallic
    - Granular, and coarse-grained systems
- LAMMPS runs efficiently in parallel using message-passing techniques
  - Developed at Sandia National Laboratories
  - An open-source code, distributed under GNU Public License







## Objectives



- The presented research was done to provide best practices
  - LAMMPS performance benchmarking
  - Interconnect performance comparisons
  - Understanding LAMMPS communication patterns
  - Power-efficient simulations
- The presented results will demonstrate
  - The scalability of the compute environment to provide nearly linear application scalability
  - The capability of LAMNMPS to achieve scalable productivity
  - Considerations for power saving through balanced system configuration

## **Test Cluster Configuration**



- Dell™ PowerEdge™ SC 1435 24-node cluster
- Quad-Core AMD Opteron<sup>™</sup> 2382 ("Shanghai") CPUs
- Mellanox® InfiniBand ConnectX® 20Gb/s (DDR) HCAs
- Mellanox® InfiniBand DDR Switch
- Memory: 16GB memory, DDR2 800MHz per node
- OS: RHEL5U3, OFED 1.4.1 InfiniBand SW stack
- MPI: HP-MPI 2.3
- Application: LAMMPS-21Aug2009
- Benchmark Workload
  - EAM Metallic solid, Cu EAM potential with 4.95 Angstrom cutoff
  - Rhodo Rhodopsin protein in solvated lipid bilayer, CHARMM force field with a 10
    Angstrom LJ cutoff

## Mellanox InfiniBand Solutions



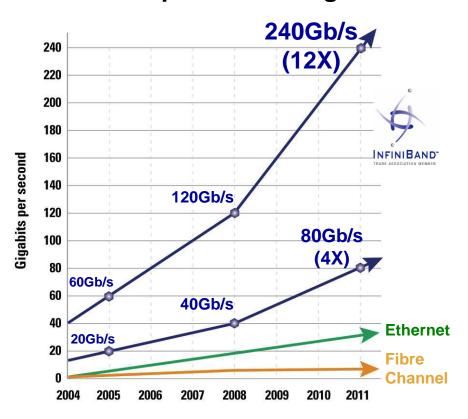
#### Industry Standard

- Hardware, software, cabling, management
- Design for clustering and storage interconnect

#### Performance

- 40Gb/s node-to-node
- 120Gb/s switch-to-switch
- 1us application latency
- Most aggressive roadmap in the industry
- Reliable with congestion management
- Efficient
  - RDMA and Transport Offload
  - Kernel bypass
  - CPU focuses on application processing
- Scalable for Petascale computing & beyond
- End-to-end quality of service
- Virtualization acceleration
- I/O consolidation Including storage

## The InfiniBand Performance Gap is Increasing



**InfiniBand Delivers the Lowest Latency** 

## Quad-Core AMD Opteron™ Processor

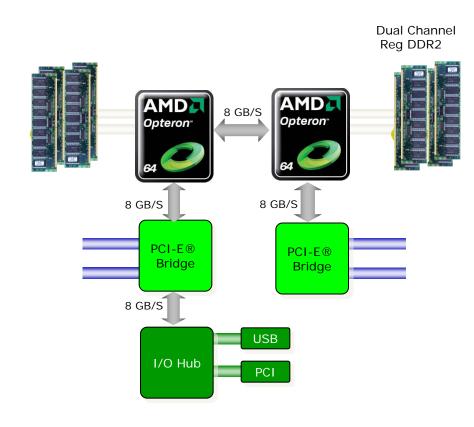


#### Performance

- Quad-Core
  - Enhanced CPU IPC
  - 4x 512K L2 cache
  - 6MB L3 Cache
- Direct Connect Architecture
  - HyperTransport<sup>™</sup> Technology
  - Up to 24 GB/s peak per processor
- Floating Point
  - 128-bit FPU per core
  - 4 FLOPS/clk peak per core
- Integrated Memory Controller
  - Up to 12.8 GB/s

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- DDR2-800 MHz or DDR2-667 MHz
- Scalability
  - 48-bit Physical Addressing
- Compatibility
  - Same power/thermal envelopes as 2<sup>nd</sup> / 3<sup>rd</sup> generation AMD Opteron<sup>™</sup> processor



## Dell PowerEdge Servers helping Simplify IT



#### System Structure and Sizing Guidelines

- 24-node cluster build with Dell PowerEdge™ SC 1435 Servers
- Servers optimized for High Performance Computing environments
- Building Block Foundations for best price/performance and performance/watt

#### Dell HPC Solutions

- Scalable Architectures for High Performance and Productivity
- Dell's comprehensive HPC services help manage the lifecycle requirements.
- Integrated, Tested and Validated Architectures

#### Workload Modeling

- Optimized System Size, Configuration and Workloads
- Test-bed Benchmarks
- ISV Applications Characterization
- Best Practices & Usage Analysis



## Dell PowerEdge™ Server Advantage

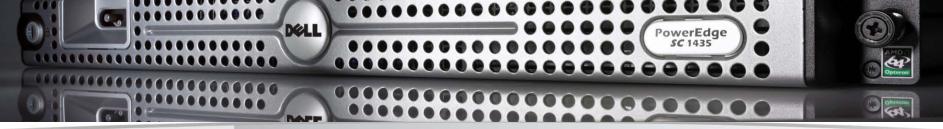


- Dell™ PowerEdge™ servers incorporate AMD Opteron™ and Mellanox ConnectX InfiniBand to provide leading edge performance and reliability
- Building Block Foundations for best price/performance and performance/watt
- Investment protection and energy efficient
- Longer term server investment value
- Faster DDR2-800 memory
- Enhanced AMD PowerNow!
- Independent Dynamic Core Technology
- AMD CoolCore<sup>™</sup> and Smart Fetch Technology
- Mellanox InfiniBand end-to-end for highest networking performance





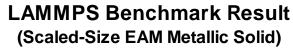


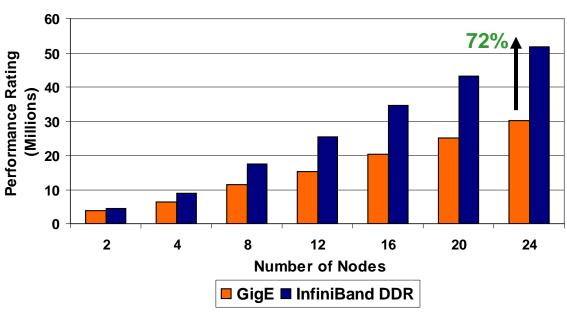


## LAMMPS Benchmark Results



- Input Dataset: EAM
  - Metallic solid, Cu EAM potential with 4.95 Angstrom cutoff (45 neighbors per atom), NVE integration
- InfiniBand provides higher utilization, performance and scalability
  - Up to 72% higher performance versus GigE with 24 nodes configuration





Higher is better

Performance Rating = 32,000 (not 32K) × the number of cores divided by the wall-clock simulation time

8-cores per node

## LAMMPS Benchmark Results

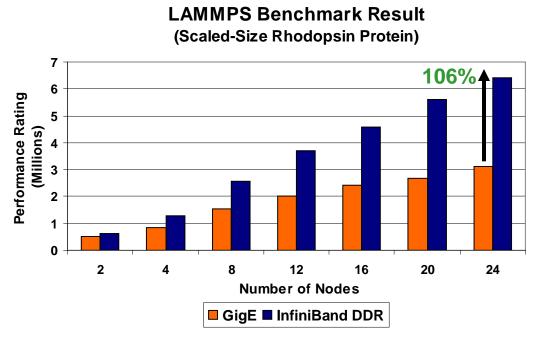


#### Input Dataset: Rhodo

Rhodopsin protein in solvated lipid bilayer, CHARMM force field with a 10 Angstrom LJ cutoff (440 neighbors per atom), particle-particle particle-mesh for long-range Coulombics, NPT integration

#### InfiniBand provides higher utilization, performance and scalability

Up to 106% higher performance versus GigE with 24 nodes configuration



Higher is better

Performance Rating = 32,000 (not 32K) x the number of cores divided by the wall-clock simulation time

8-cores per node

## LAMMPS Productivity

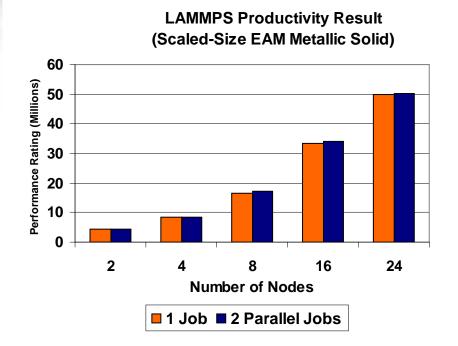


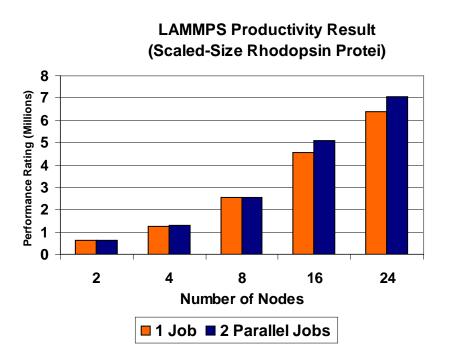
#### Test cases

- Single job, run on eight cores per server
- 2 simultaneous jobs, each runs on four cores per server

#### Both test cases produces similar productivity

- Dataset EAM shows nearly identical performance between two cases
- Dataset Rhodospin shows up to 10% more jobs per day with 24 nodes





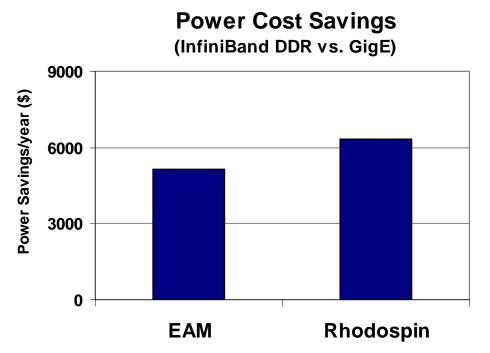
Higher is better

InfiniBand DDR

## Power Cost Savings with Different Interconnect



- Dell economical integration of AMD CPUs and Mellanox InfiniBand saves up to \$6000 in power
  - To achieve same number of application jobs enabled with Gigabit Ethernet
  - Yearly based for 24-node cluster
- As cluster size increases, more power can be saved





\$/KWh = KWh \* \$0.20 For more information - http://enterprise.amd.com/Downloads/svrpwrusecompletefinal.pdf

## **LAMMPS** Benchmark Results Summary



#### Interconnect comparison shows

- InfiniBand delivers superior performance in every cluster size
- Performance advantage extends as cluster size increases

#### Job placement

- Some dataset shows productivity gain when running current jobs
- In general LAMMPS can maximized the compute resource utilization

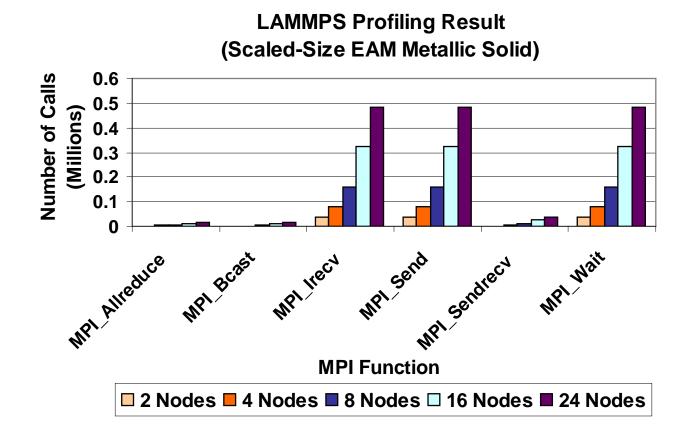
#### Power saving

- InfiniBand enables up to \$6000/year power savings versus GigE
- Dell™ PowerEdge™ server blades provides
  - Linear scalability (maximum scalability) and balanced system
    - By integrating InfiniBand interconnect and AMD processors
  - Maximum return on investment through efficiency and utilization

## LAMMPS Profiling – MPI Functions



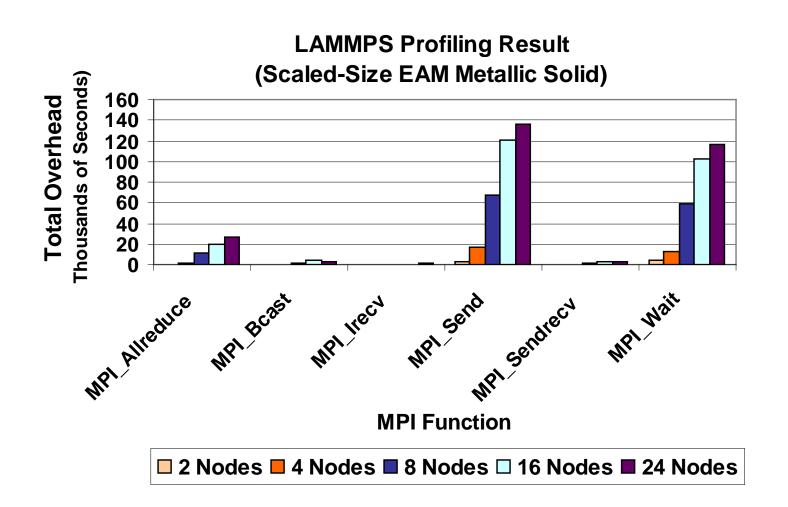
- Mostly used MPI functions
  - MPI\_send, MPI\_Irecv, MPI\_Wait, and MPI\_Allreduce



## LAMMPS Profiling – Timing



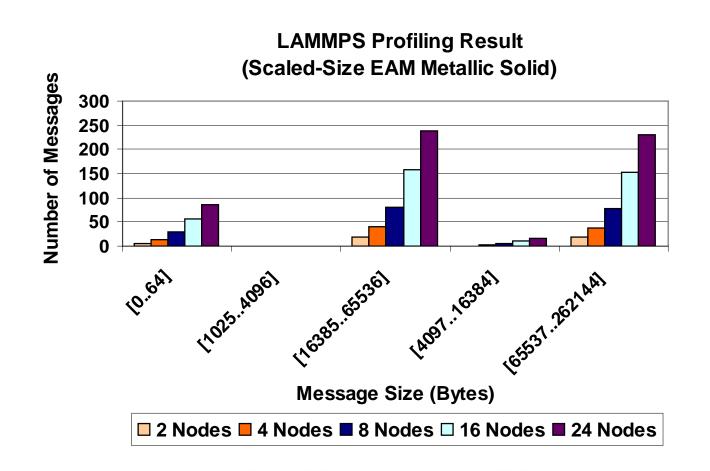
MPI\_Send/Wait and MPI\_Allreduce show the highest communication overhead



## LAMMPS Profiling – Message Transferred



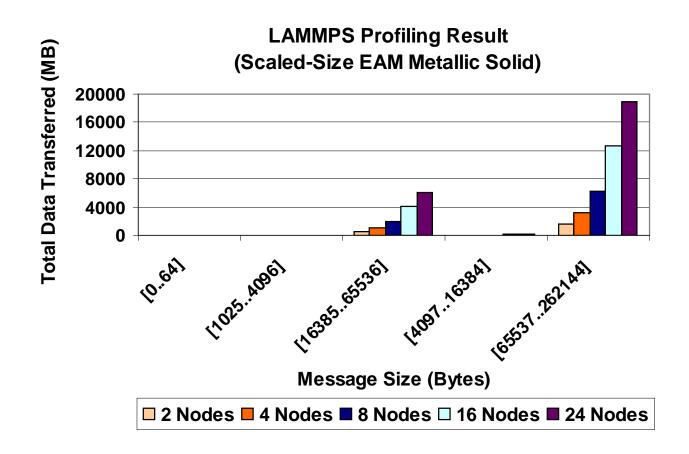
- Most MPI messages are large messages
- Number of messages increases with cluster size



## LAMMPS Profiling – Message Transferred



- Most data related MPI messages are within 16KB-256KB
- Total data transferred increases with cluster size



## LAMMPS Profiling Summary



- LAMMPS were profiled to identify its communication patterns
- Frequent used message sizes
  - 16KB-256KB messages for data related communications
  - <64B for synchronizations</p>
  - Number of messages increases with cluster size
- Interconnects effect to LAMMPS performance
  - Both interconnect latency (MPI\_Allreduce) and throughput
    (MPI\_Send/Recv) highly influence Mechanical performance
- Balanced system CPU, memory, Interconnect that match each other capabilities, is essential for providing application efficiency



# **Thank You**

## **HPC Advisory Council**









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