



OpenFOAM Performance Benchmark and Profiling

October 2012











- The following research was performed under the HPC
 Advisory Council activities
 - Special thanks for: HP, Mellanox



- For more information on the supporting vendors solutions please refer to:
 - www.mellanox.com, http://www.hp.com/go/hpc

- For more information on the application:
 - http://www.openfoam.com/

OpenFOAM Applications

- OpenFOAM® (Open Field Operation and Manipulation) CFD
 Toolbox in an open source CFD applications that can simulate
 - Complex fluid flows involving
 - Chemical reactions
 - Turbulence
 - Heat transfer
 - Solid dynamics
 - Electromagnetics
 - The pricing of financial options

OpenFOAM support can be obtained from OpenCFD Ltd





Objectives



The presented research was done to provide best practices

- OpenFOAM performance benchmarking
- Interconnect performance comparisons
- MPI performance comparison
- Understanding OpenFOAM communication patterns

• The presented results will demonstrate

The scalability of the compute environment to provide nearly linear application scalability

Test Cluster Configuration



- HP ProLiant SL230s Gen8 4-node "Athena" cluster
 - Processors: Dual Eight-Core Intel Xeon E5-2680 @ 2.7 GHz
 - Memory: 32GB per node, 1600MHz DDR3 DIMMs
 - OS: RHEL 6 Update 2, OFED 1.5.3 InfiniBand SW stack
- Mellanox ConnectX-3 VPI InfiniBand adapters
- Mellanox SwitchX SX6036 56Gb/s InfiniBand and 40G/s Ethernet Switch
- MPI: Open MPI 1.5.5, Platform MPI 8.2
- Application: OpenFOAM 2.1.0 (double precision)
- Benchmark Workload:
 - damBreakTest (using interFoam solver)

About HP ProLiant SL230s Gen8



Item	SL230 Gen8
Processor	Two Intel® Xeon® E5-2600 Series, 4/6/8 Cores,
Chipset	Intel® Sandy Bridge EP Socket-R
Memory	(512 GB), 16 sockets, DDR3 up to 1600MHz, ECC
Max Memory	512 GB
Internal Storage	Two LFF non-hot plug SAS, SATA bays or Four SFF non-hot plug SAS, SATA, SSD bays Two Hot Plug SFF Drives (Option)
Max Internal Storage	8TB
Networking	Dual port 1GbE NIC/ Single 10G NIC
I/O Slots	One PCIe Gen3 x16 LP slot 1Gb and 10Gb Ethernet, IB, and FlexFabric options
Ports	Front: (1) Management, (2) 1GbE, (1) Serial, (1) S.U.V port, (2) PCIe, and Internal Micro SD card & Active Health
Power Supplies	750, 1200W (92% or 94%), high power chassis
Integrated Management	iLO4 hardware-based power capping via SL Advanced Power Manager
Additional Features	Shared Power & Cooling and up to 8 nodes per 4U chassis, single GPU support, Fusion I/O support
Form Factor	16P/8GPUs/4U chassis



OpenFOAM Performance - MPI

- Platform MPI outperforms Open MPI when running at scale
 - Up to 10% faster runtime achieved at 4 nodes
 - No optimization flags were used



OpenFOAM Performance

NETWORK OF EXPERTISE

OpenFOAM Performance - Interconnect



- InfiniBand FDR provides the best inter-node communication for OpenFOAM
 - Outperforms 1GbE by 162% at 4 nodes
 - Outperforms 10GbE by 33% at 4 nodes
 - Outperforms 40GbE by 21% at 4 nodes
- 1GbE shows little performance gain beyond 2 nodes



OpenFOAM Performance

OpenFOAM Profiling – MPI Time Ratio



- InfiniBand FDR reduces the communication time at scale
 - InfiniBand FDR consumes about 20% of total runtime at 4 nodes



MPI time User time

16 Processes/Node

OpenFOAM Profiling – MPI Functions



Mostly used MPI functions

- MPI_Irecv (41%) and MPI_Isend (41%), MPI_Waitall (9%), MPI_Allreduce (4%)



OpenFOAM Profiling – MPI Functions





- MPI_Init (32%) MPI_Allreduce (31%), MPI_Waitall (17%)



OpenFOAM Profiling – Message Size



- Distribution of message sizes for the MPI calls
 - Peak between 0B to 64KB
 - Large concentration in the small and the medium message sizes

OpenFOAM Profiling (interFoam)

MPI Message Sizes



OpenFOAM Summary



- OpenFOAM performance benchmark demonstrates
 - InifiniBand FDR delivers higher application performance and linear scalability
 - Outperforms 1GbE by 162%, 10GbE by 33%, 40GbE by 21% at 4 nodes
 - Platform MPI tuning can boost application performance by 10% over Open MPI at 4 nodes
- MPI profiling on the OpenFOAM interFoam solver
 - Message send/recv creates big communication overhead
 - Most are small message used by OpenFOAM
 - Collectives (MPI_Alltoall) overhead increases as cluster size scales up
 - Heavy MPI communications are seen between MPI processes
 - InfiniBand FDR reduces communication time; leave more time for computation
 - InfiniBand FDR consumes 20% of total time
 - Non-blocking communications are seen:
 - MPI_Irecv (41%) and MPI_Isend (41%), MPI_Waitall (9%), MPI_Allreduce (4%)



Thank You HPC Advisory Council



All trademarks are property of their respective owners. All information is provided "As-Is" without any kind of warranty. The HPC Advisory Council makes no representation to the accuracy and completeness of the information contained herein. HPC Advisory Council Mellanox undertakes no duty and assumes no obligation to update or correct any information presented herein